Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name White Powder (titanium), Titanium dioxide

Product code PTITAN, PTITANB, PTITANPW, RETPTITAN1KG, RETPTITAN5KG,

RETPTITAN25KG, RETPTITANSAMP, TPTITAN

HSNOapproval non hazardous

UN number NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
DG class NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA
Uses Colourant

Company Details

Company Peter Fell LTD
Address 81 Patiki Rd
Avondale

Avondale

Telephone 09 8286460

Email info@peterfell.co.nz

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is considered non hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO).

Classes Hazard Statements

None

SYMBOLS

None

Other Classifications

Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

NOTE: this material contains titanium dioxide, particle size $<1\mu m$. The toxicity of fine and ultrafine (nanoparticles) particles of titanium dioxide is under review in other jurisdictions, notably the EU. Fine titanium dioxide (particle size $<10\mu m$) is considered to be a suspected carcinogen if inhaled. (IARC group 2B - possibly carcinogenic to humans. Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time may increase the risk of developing chronic lung diseases. This material does not contain crystalline silica.

Precautionary Statements

Precautionary none

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Titanium dioxide (particle size <1µm)	13463-67-7	>90 %

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). If exposed or concern, contact a doctor.

Recommended first aid Ready access to running water is recommended.

facilities

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Exposure

Swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor if

concerned.

Eve contact If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several

minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact Flush immediately with large amounts of water. Remove all contaminated

clothing. Contact a doctor if experiencing symptoms

Inhaled If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient

to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position

(on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

or alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke.

Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet

other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment:

Clean-up method

Hazchem code:

No special measures are required. NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment There is no current legal requirement for containment of this product.

Emergency procedures Generally, the containers size will limit a large spill from occurring.

If a significant spill occurs:

Stop leak if safe or necessary. Isolate area. Collect spill, see below. Transfer to container for disposal. Dispose of according to guidelines below (Section 13). This product is not considered flammable or ecotoxic. Small spills do not require

any special clean up method. Larger spills (e.g., greater than 10kg) should be

mopped up and collected.

Disposal Avoid the generation of dust. Sweep up carefully or vacuum. Collect

> recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill.

Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions No special protective clothing is normally necessary.

Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Containers should be kept closed

in order to minimise contamination. Avoid contact with incompatible substances

as listed in Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas.

Avoid creation of dusts.

See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

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8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m^3 for respirable particulates and 10mg/m^3 for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL titanium dioxide 10mg/m³ data unavailable (2016)

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However,

it always prudent to use protective eyewear if dust is likely.

Skin Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent

to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of

time.

Respiratory Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation.

If product is being used in confined conditions and dust formation is likely, the use

of a particulate mask or respirator is recommended.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Powder, white **Odour** odourless 6.5-8.0 pН not available Vapour pressure Viscosity no data **Boiling point** no data Volatile materials no data Freezing / melting point >1000°C **Solubility** insoluble

Specific gravity / density \sim 2 - 5 (water = 1) **Flash point** not flammable

Danger of explosion no data
Auto-ignition temperature no data
Upper & lower flammable no data

limits

Corrosiveness non corrosive

^{*}These workplace exposure standards are also Prescribed Exposure Standards (PES) under the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

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Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from

extreme heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups Strong acids, strongbases **Substance Specific** None known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

None known

Hazardous reactions None known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF IN EYES: dust may be irritating to eyes with tearing, pain and blurred vision.

IF ON SKIN: Repeated skin contact may result in drying out of the skin.

IF INHALED: dust may irritate respiratory system.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: This mixture does contain titanium dioxide, which is classed by IARC as group 2B if particle size <10µm.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Iron (III) Oxide >10000mg/kg (rat), titanium

dioxide

Dermal Using LD_{50} 's for ingredients, the calculated LD_{50} (dermal, rat) for the mixture is

>5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Iron (III) Oxide LDLo 30mg/kg (dog).

Inhaled Using LC_{50} 's for ingredients, the calculated LC_{50} (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is

>5 mg/L. Data considered includes: chromium III oxide >5.41mg/L (rat)

The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant. Any irritation may be due to Eye

mechanical irritation of the particles.

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant under HSNO.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

> Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity Iron Oxides are not considered carcinogenic.

> This mixture does contain titanium dioxide which has been classed by IARC as Group 2B, (possibly carcinogenic to humans). The route of exposure for carcinogenicity is by inhalation of fine particles (<10µm) of titanium dioxide. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Reproductive / **Developmental Systemic**

developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Inhalation of fine titanium dioxide particles may increase the risk of developing

chronic lung disease and skin irriation.

Aggravation of existing conditions None known.

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic.

Supporting Data

Aquatic No evidence of aquatic ecotoxicity. Estimated EC_{50} of the mixture is >100mg/L,

Bioaccumulation No data **Degradability** No data

Soil No evidence of soil ecotoxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial vertebrates. Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

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13. Disposal Considerations

RestrictionsThere are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource

consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents. Dispose of residue and solutions that cannot be reused to sewer. If this is not

Disposal methodDispose of residue and solutions that cannot be reused to sewer. If this is reasonable to the reused to sever.

possible dilute with water (at least 5 times as much water) and drain.

Contaminated packaging Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container,

otherwise send to landfill or similar.

14. Transport Information

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number: NA **Proper shipping name:** Not regulated for transport.

Class(es) NA Packing group: NA
Precautions: NA Hazchem code: NA

15. Regulatory Information

This product is not considered hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS Not required.

Labelling No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers

can occur.

Emergency plan Not required. Approved handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location test certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code NA

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or

chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.

Controls Matrix List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16).

 $EC_{50} \hspace{1.5cm} Ecotoxic \hspace{0.5cm} Concentration \hspace{0.5cm} 50\% \hspace{0.5cm} - \hspace{0.5cm} concentration \hspace{0.5cm} in \hspace{0.5cm} water \hspace{0.5cm} which \hspace{0.5cm} is \hspace{0.5cm} fatal \hspace{0.5cm} to \hspace{0.5cm} 50\% \hspace{0.5cm} of \hspace{0.5cm} a \hspace{0.5$

test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to

emergency services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). LC_{50} Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (usually rats)

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MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

PES Prescribed Exposure Standard means a WES or a biological exposure standard

that is prescribed in a regulation, a safe work instrument or an approval under

HSNO (including group standards).

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period,

provided the TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work

day (usually 8hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or

chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's

breathing zone.

References

Data Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification

information database (CCID).

EPA Transfer Gazettes Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated

gazette, 2004)

WES 2016 The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2016, published by WorkSafe

NZ and available on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

WES 2002 Workplace Exposure Standards published by the Occupational Safety and Health

Service, Department of Labour, January 2002, ISBN 0-477-03660-0. These are the WES referred to under the Group Standard (HSNO approval) and may constitute

a PES.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

DateReason for reviewSept 2022Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOWTHE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

